BATA EVALUATION MECORO

PAGE 1 UP

TOMSMOSU

CASE G39923

HAPTHALE HE ACETIC ACIO

Pt 100 11/26/79

CHE 1 (950)02

1-machinal eneacetic acid

HRANCH EEB DISC 20 TOPIC 201028007

FURMULATION ON - ACTIVE INGREDIENT

FICHE/MASTER ID 05010399

CONTENT CAT 03

Coats, G.E. (1906) Growth Regulator Effects on Cottonseed Treatment. State College, Miss.: Mississioni State University, Agricultural Experiment Station. (Mississippi Agricultural Experiment Station information sheet 935)

SUBST. CLASS = S.

DIHER SUBJECT DESCRIPTORS

PRIM: EFF =10=35

DIRECT RVA TIME = OS (MH) START-DATE24 OCT 1980 END DATE 24 OCT 1980

PEVIEWED BY: Robert W. Holst, Ph.D.

TillE: Plant Physiologist

URG: Sect. 1, Ecol. Eff. Br. HED OPP

LUC/TEL: Rm 807 EM2// 557-0320

SIGNATURE:

CATE: 24 OCT 1980

APPROVED 6Y:

TITLE:

086:

LOC/TEL:

SIGNATURE:

CATE:

Chemical:

1-Naphthaleneacetic acid

Citation:

Coats, G. E. (1966) Growth Regulator Effects on Cottonseed Treatment. State College, Miss.: Mississippi State

University, Agricultural Experiment Station. (Mississippi Agricultural Experiment Station

information sheet 935)

Reviewer:

Robert W. Holst, Ph.D., Plant Physiologist

Hazard Evaluation Division/Ecological Effects Branch

Validation Date:

10/24/80

Test Title:

Cotton - Germination & Growth

Conclusion:

At 0.1 ppm or greater germination and growth are delayed or

inhibited.

Validation:

This study is scientifically sound.

Materials and Methods: Cotton (var Stoneville 213) seeds were soaked with NAA .0001 to 100 ppm for 24 hrs. Nine other varieties were tested. Plants were grown to maturity.

Results:

Concentration greater than 0.1 ppm delayed or inhibited germination. At 100 ppm germination was delayed 10-14 days, the primary root became enlarged, the mature roots were branched as compared to a main taproot for the controls, and the plants were 25% taller. However there was no detrimental effect on yield/plant.